



DHIVA Competency Framework:

For Dietitians working with patients living with HIV

www.dhiva.org.uk

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Aims of Dietitians in HIV/AIDS (DHIVA)

- 1. To work as a team and network to support dietitians and other AHPs working in HIV specialist settings
- 2. To provide support and education to dietitians and other AHPs who work in non-HIV specialist settings
- 3. To raise the importance of nutrition in PLHIV agenda at local and national level through the development of standards and guidelines and by influencing policies relating to HIV and nutrition related issues
- 4. To lead on research and best practice in nutrition related issues in PL HIV

Introduction

The purpose of producing this framework is to set out an ideal standard required for HCPs to competently undertake their roles during the healthcare delivery service in PLHIV in order to prevent mistakes and to reduce the occurrence of conflicting messages being given to PLHIV.

It is acknowledged that not all competencies will be achievable or even appropriate for all dietitians working with HIV patients especially those seeing patients in non-specialist centres. It is;

The career and competency framework serves three main objectives:

- 1. To define the ideal set of competences required for band 4 dietetic assistants to band 8 specialist dietitians who are involved in the healthcare of people living with HIV
- 2. To assist dietitians and their managers in identifying learning needs in order to competently deliver care
- 3. To identify dietitians with specialist expertise

Who is the Competency Framework for?

The competency framework is essentially for registered dietitians and dietetic support workers within the NHS in the UK. However, all frontline staff that has direct or non-direct patient contact requires basic competences in HIV-specific medical nutrition therapy to answer general queries and reduce the potential for PLHIV receiving conflicting messages.

The competencies have been divided into separate categories dividing the bands within the NHS structure. These competencies have been developed in line with other allied professional groups and nursing staff to ensure that people living with HIV receive consistent and of the highest quality care.

The British HIV Association (BHIVA) has recently updated its clinical standards in a document 'Standards of Care for people living with HIV in 2013' in which it refers to the 'DHIVA Competency Framework for Dietitians working with patients living with HIV' as a means of ensuring all dietitians working with PL HIV meet a minimum standard of specialist knowledge and skills. It is vital that all services not only within the NHS but also within the private sector meet these clinical standards.

Competence can be defined as the ability of an individual to do a job properly. A competency is a set of defined behaviours that provide a structured guide enabling the identification, evaluation and development of the behaviours in individuals. A competency is a single function that defines the task, whether it be knowledge or skill based, that can be applied to different bandings or levels of jobs and identifies the expectations of a profession and the differing levels within it.

How to use the framework

This competency framework was developed to ensure that all staff providing nutritional care to PLHIV aim to achieve the relevant competencies for their employment band as agreed with their line manager within a locally agreed time frame. It should be used as a guide for the development of staff objectives in appraisals, staff Personal Development Plans (PDPs) and Personal Development Reviews (PDR). It should be noted that individual job descriptions should be taken into consideration when using this competency framework and the relevant sections used to ensure safe and effective practice in delivering services with patients living with HIV. It is understood that some competencies may not be relevant if they pertain to a specialist service not offered by a particular HIV service (e.g. specialist oncology, liver or renal services).

The competency framework is available as an online resource on the DHIVA website.

Development of the framework

This framework has been developed by dietitians who are members of the specialist group 'Dietitians in HIV/AIDS' (DHIVA). The competencies have been written and reviewed by its members. The framework has also had a 12 week consultation period for comment and amendments from other health professionals such as members of NHIVNA and RHIVA and other professional bodies working in HIV. No conflicts of interest have been declared amongst those responsible for developing the framework.

This framework will be reviewed by an allocated team within DHIVA on a three yearly cycle

Overview of Nutrition Therapy with patients living with HIV

HIV belongs to a group of retroviruses called the lentiviruses, from the Latin *lentus*, meaning slow. These viruses persist and continue to replicate for many years before causing overt signs of disease. HIV was isolated and identified as the virus responsible for AIDS (in 1983. HIV infection does not immediately

cause AIDS, however it is clear that virus grows in CD4 T cells, a subset of lymphocytes, and causes them to decrease in most instances, although this will vary among individuals.

Epidemiology

According to the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) (HIV/AIDS, 2010), as of 2010, the overall growth of the global AIDS epidemic appears to have stabilised. It was thought to have peaked in 1999, and since then, the overall number of new infections has decreased. Furthermore, with the advent of effective antiretroviral therapy, and improved access to treatment, mortality has also been decreasing over the past decade.

Medical Nutrition Therapy

Key points

- Good nutritional status is important for a healthy immune system
- HIV disease can present with a variety of nutritional problems
- Nutritional interventions for PLHIV can include management of weight loss, micronutrient deficiencies, gastrointestinal complaints and metabolic diseases such as dyslipidaemia, insulin resistance and osteoporosis

Public health and prevention

Transmission

HIV is found in the blood and other body fluids such as semen, vaginal fluid and breast milk. The virus does not live for long outside the body. The most common form of transmission is through sexual contact, but it can also be transmitted through sharing needles and mother to child transmission during delivery or via breast-feeding.

HIV and stigma

AIDS-related stigma and discrimination refers to prejudice, negative attitudes, abuse and maltreatment directed at people living with HIV/AIDS (http://www.avert.org/hiv-aids-stigma.htm). They can result in being shunned by family, peers and the wider community; poor treatment in healthcare and education settings; an erosion of rights; psychological damage; and can negatively affect the success of HIV testing and treatment.

Although awareness and understanding of HIV has improved in the UK over the past decade, stigma and discrimination still exists and can occur from family, friends and health care workers. The National AIDS Trust surveyed PLHIV and found that one in three reported having experienced discrimination in the UK. As a health care professional, it is essential to understand how HIV is transmitted, to use universal precautions with **all** patients (as it is estimated

that one quarter of people infected with HIV in the UK are unaware of their diagnosis(Agency, 2010)) and to demonstrate non-judgemental attitudes towards all patients in our care.

Medical nutrition therapy may be indicated in a variety of clinical scenarios, for example:

- > Malnutrition, low body weight and recent weight loss
- Poor oral intake
- Obesity and weight reduction
- > Symptom control (nausea, diarrhoea etc.)
- Pancreatic insufficiency
- > Symptom management and increased nutritional requirements due to co-infection with HCV/ TB
- > Chemotherapy needing side effect management
- Enteral nutrition
- Parenteral Nutrition
- > dyslipidaemia
- Hypertension
- Diabetes/ Impaired Glucose Tolerance
- Lipodystrophy (lipohypertrophy, lipoatrophy)
- Healthy eating advice
- > Micro nutrient deficiencies and supplementation
- Sports nutrition advice
- > Bone health optimisation including osteoporosis and osteopoenia
- > Increased nutritional requirements due to co-infection with HCV/TB
- > Drug-nutrients interactions (e.g. kcal/ fat requirements with Eviplera)

The competency framework is available as an online resource on the DHIVA website.

Acknowledgments

- British HIV Association (BHIVA)
- National HIV Nurses Association (NHIVNA)
- Rehabilitation in HIV Association (RHIVA)
- The Children's HIV Association (CHIVA)

• Diabetes UK

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DHIVA Reference List: Available online at www.dhiva.org.uk

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Glossary

HIV: Human Immunodeficiency Virus

ART: Antiretroviral Therapy

ARV: Antiretroviral

CD4 Counts: Cluster of Differentiation calls

DHIVA: Dietitians in HIV/AIDS Group of the British Dietetic Association

BHIVA: British HIV/AIDS Association

CHIVA: The Childrens HIV Association

PLHIV: People/Person living with HIV

MDT: Multidisciplinary Team

GP: General Practitioner

MSM: Men who have sex with men

GMFA: Gay Men Fight AIDS

CVD: Cardiovascular Disease

HAART: Highly Active Antiretroviral therapy

IGT: Impaired Glucose Tolerance

MetS: Metabolic Syndrome

DM: Diabetes Mellitis

HCV: Hepatits C virus

HBV: Hepatitis B virus

PIs: Protease Inhibitors

NRTIs: Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

CAM: Complementary and alternative medicines

QRISK: cardiovascular disease risk calculator

CHIPS: Collaborative HIV Paediatric Study

FRAX: Fracture risk assessment tool

PERT: Pancreatic enzyme replacement therapy

CNS: Central nervous system

GI: Gastro-intestinal

MAI: Mycobacterium Avium Intracelulari

CMV: Cytomegalovirus

KS: Kaposi's sarcoma

TB: Tuberculosis

BMD: Bone mineral density

DEXA: Dual Energy X-Ray Absorbtiometry

LFT: Liver function test

NHIVNA: National HIV/AIDS Nursing Association

RHIVA: Rehab in HIV/AIDS

GMC guidelines: Good Medical Council guidelines

PML: Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy

HPA: Health Protection Authority

WHO: World Health Organisation

UNAIDS: Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

HCP: Health care professionals

AHP: Allied Health Professionals

CPD: Continued professional development

1. HIV Pathophysiology, Epidemiology & Clinical guidelines

Karen Percy

	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
Competencies	Understands HIV transmission routes	Has knowledge of HIV transmission routes and their importance in	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of HIV	Demonstrates specialist knowledge of HIV transmission	As for Band 7 competencies plus:
	Can describe the different stages of HIV infection and	delivering healthcare	transmission routes and their importance in	routes and their importance in	Demonstrates a developed understanding of the
	AIDS	Has knowledge of the many population	delivering healthcare	delivering healthcare	transmission of pathophysiology of HIV
	Understands the importance of nutrition and HIV and can list possible reasons for referral to dietetic services	groups at higher risk of HIV infection (e.g. MSM, Person who injects drugs)	Obtains clear and concise information on the presenting physical signs and symptoms of acute or chronic HIV-	Works autonomously to obtain a clinical history from identified PLHIV with complex physical needs as	infection, and monitors developments in treatment and care, and how these might impact on services Monitors HIV epidemiology
	Understands which behaviours put people at higher risk of HIV infections (e.g. MSM, Person who injects drugs)	Accesses up-to-date information and clinical guidelines for the care and management of HIV	related diseases and defined by local related co-morbidities policy/national and co-infections guidelines Recognises signs and Provides advice and	both locally and nationally, and drives dietetic response to any changes, particularly with respect to patients/clients	
	Knows where to access information regarding immune function, antiretroviral therapy, and standards of HIV care	Has knowledge, and recognition of the major presenting signs and symptoms of acute and chronic HIV-related	symptoms of complex and unstable HIV related health problems requiring medical review	support to colleagues and students in the use of different methods to asses PLHIV physical and psychological well-	transitioning from paediatric to adult services
	standards of the care	conditions	Interprets all clinical information available	being	
		Has knowledge of the risks of illness associated with	including that documented by colleagues	Works with education providers to meet education needs for patient nutritional	

relevant CD4 counts

Has knowledge of the importance of nutrition and HIV and can explain reasons for referral to dietetic services

Knows where to access current clinical care guidelines with respect to the management of patients with HIV (e.g. 'Standards of care for people living with HIV in 2012' or 'Treatment of HIV-1 positive adults with antiretroviral therapy (2012)' – BHIVA)

Knows where to access local and national HIV epidemiology data (e.g. HPA, UNAIDS/WHO annual report)

Has knowledge and understanding of importance of nutrition in HIV

Develops a nutrition care plan in conjunction with the patient, taking into account all aspects of their HIV (e.g. weight goals, lipid targets, bone health) and implements ongoing monitoring and evaluation of the care

Has a basic knowledge and understanding of the current clinical care guidelines with respect to the management of PLHIV (e.g. 'Standards of care for people living with HIV in 2012' or 'Treatment of HIV-1 positive adults with antiretroviral therapy (2012)' – BHIVA)

Has a basic knowledge and understanding of local and national HIV epidemiology data (e.g. HPA, UNAIDS/WHO annual report) assessment in HIV care

Has a specialist knowledge of the current clinical care guidelines with respect to the management of PLHIV (e.g. 'Standards of care for people living with HIV in 2012' or 'Treatment of HIV-1 positive adults with antiretroviral therapy (2012) '— BHIVA)

Is able to summarise local and national HIV epidemiology data (e.g. HPA, UNAIDS/WHO annual report)

Examples of Evidence

- Lists appropriate web sites such as aidsmap.com, foodchain.org.uk and dhiva.org.uk
- Attendance at DHIVA study day
- Read BHIVA and DHIVA protocols and policies
- Attendance at DHIVA HIV basics course
- Portfolio entries
- Attendance at DHIVA advanced HIV course
- Case study demonstrating understanding and dietary implications of complex HIV-related medical conditions
- Attendance at a national CHIVA or BHIVA study day or conference
- Audits performance against National standards for HIV care
- Completion of advanced course in HIV transmission and epidemiology
- Attendance and presentation of research at an International Aids Society conference
- Reports annually on local epidemiology and how this impacts on National standards

2. Teaching, learning and communication (or personal and people development) skills

Jas Sagoo, Nina Lenton, Tracy Russell

Jas Jagoo, Mila Lenton, Hacy Nasse	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
Teaching		Has knowledge of own role in supporting the learning environment (for patients/staff/carers) in the workplace Assists in delivering formal and informal HIV nutrition related training sessions to other health care professionals and staff groups within own organisation and at local study days	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of own role in supporting the learning environment (for patients/staff/carers) in the workplace Plans and delivers formal and informal HIV nutrition related training sessions to other health care professionals and staff groups including attendance at local, national and international study days	Has an active role in supporting the learning environment (for patients/staff/carers) in the workplace Leads on planning, delivery and evaluation of formal HIV nutrition training sessions for other healthcare professionals and staff groups including attendance at local,	Competencies as per Band 7 plus: • Identifies and manages resource issues (e.g. funding, service delivery) which may affect the teaching and learning of others in the specialist area of nutrition and HIV
		Assists in shadowing opportunities in HIV dietetics to students and other HCPs	Participates in journal review and updates dietetic colleagues with new evidence in HIV related nutrition	national and international study days Maintains an specialist knowledge of new	
		Participates in journal review and updates dietetic colleagues with new evidence in HIV related	Communicates evidence based nutrition and HIV knowledge using evidence based practice	evidence in HIV related nutrition and updates dietetic colleagues as required	
		nutrition Communicates evidence based nutrition and HIV knowledge using evidence based practice	Writes, plans, delivers and evaluates patient group teaching sessions on nutrition for PLHIV	Communicates evidence based nutrition and HIV knowledge using evidence based practice	

Assists in planning, delivering and evaluating patient group teaching sessions on nutrition for PLHIV	Participates in the training of dietetic and non-dietetic students within specialist area of HIV i.e. in local setting, lectures at university	Develops structured training programmes for dietetic and non- dietetic students within specialist area of HIV nutrition	
Assists in the teaching of role of nutrition and HIV to student dietitians in the work place		Leads on/contributes to the development of local and national dietetic guidelines within the specialist area of HIV as part of the dietetic team and/or the wider MDT	
Develops own knowledge and ability within specialist area of HIV	Continues to develops own s knowledge and ability within specialist area of HIV	Facilitates the learning and development of others within and outside the organisation within	Competencies as per Band 7 plus: Coordinates appropriate
Contributes to clinical and non clinical audits related to HIV nutrition	Identifies and evaluates own development needs within the specialist area of HIV and those of others	specialist area of HIV Leads on audit and	learning opportunities amongst HIV team members Supports HIV dietitians at a
Reflects on, and evaluates, the effectiveness of own health promotion activity in PLHIV	Plans and develops clinical and non clinical audits related to HIV nutrition under	research relating to HIV nutrition and disseminates and presents findings to relevant groups	managerial level in having protected time to carry audit and research where service need is identified

Contributes to the

HIV

development of others

within specialist area of

Maintains an up to date

portfolio of CPD activity

specifically in relation to

supervision

Contributes to the

specialist area of HIV

Maintains an up to date

portfolio of CPD activity

development of others within

Maintains an up to date

portfolio of CPD activity

Attends relevant HIV

specialist study days

and nutrition

specifically in relation to HIV

Considers becoming a member of Dietitians in HIV/ AIDS Specialist interest group

Has knowledge of new and emerging evidence and research in HIV nutrition and medical management via literature search, shadowing senior members, case study presentation

Contributes to the development of educational material regarding nutrition in HIV

specifically in relation to HIV and nutrition

Attends and presents at relevant HIV specialist study day under supervision

Considers becoming a member of Dietitians in HIV/ AIDS Specialist interest group

Demonstrates a good knowledge and understanding of new and emerging evidence and research in HIV nutrition and medical management via literature search,

Identifies and develops educational material for use in specialist area and obtains feedback and evaluation from peers and patient groups

Demonstrates good skills in communicating sensitive information to PLHIV in varying environments HIV and nutrition

Attends and presents at relevant HIV specialist study day

Considers becoming a member of Dietitians in HIV/ AIDS Specialist interest group

Demonstrates specialist knowledge of new and emerging evidence and research in HIV nutrition and medical management via literature search

Identifies and develops educational material for use in specialist area and obtains feedback and evaluation from peers and patient groups

Communication

Communicates effectively with staff, patients, carers and other agencies on issues relating to the nutritional management of PLHIV

Records new information related to clinical assessment and passes it on to relevant colleagues in a timely manner

Develops skills to communicate with PLHIV who have: language and cultural differences, mental health problems, communication problems

Develops communication skills such as reflective listening, open questions, empathy and be able to offer empathy and reassurance to PLHIV

Actively participate in HIV MDT meetings

Communicates with and refers to external bodies that may provide support to PLHIV

Effectively communicates complex information to a range of people relating to the nutritional management of patients with HIV in a variety of settings

Uses good skills to communicate with PLHIV who have: language and cultural differences, mental health problems, communication problems

Uses good communication skills such as reflective listening, open questions, empathy and be able to offer empathy and reassurance to PLHIV

Actively participate in HIV MDT meetings

Communicates with and refers to external bodies that may provide support to PLHIV

Demonstrates specialist skills in communicating sensitive information to PLHIV in varying environments
Effectively communicates complex information to a range of people relating to the nutritional management of PLHIV in a variety of settings

Uses advanced skills to communicate with PLHIV who have: language and cultural differences, mental health problems, communication problems

Uses advanced communication skills such as reflective listening, open questions, empathy and be able to offer empathy and reassurance to PLHIV

Demonstrates specialist skills in facilitating behavioural change in PLHIV (e.g. cognitive behavioural therapy, motivational interviewing)

Ensures representation in

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:
Identifies and supports opportunities for Communication,
Behavioural Change and Motivational Interviewing training for HIV dietitians working with challenging patients

HIV MDT meetings Communicates with and refers to external bodies that may provide support

to PLHIV

Examples of evidence

- Reflection piece
- Evidence of self-guided research
- Case study
- Anonymous copy of patient notes
- Evidence of communication with MDT (letters, emails, witness statements)
- Anonymous copy of patient notes
- Reflective piece
- Copies of policies developed
- Lecture notes/presentations

3. Psychosocial, Behavioural Approaches & Confidentiality

Sara Cassimjee

Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
Has an understanding that	Has knowledge of the	Demonstrates knowledge and	Demonstrates specialist	Competencies as per Band 7
PLHIV have significantly higher	range of psychosocial	understanding of the range of	knowledge of the	plus:
rates of depression and other psychological problems than the general population	problems frequently encountered by PLHIV and begins to address HIV-	psychosocial problems frequently encountered by PLHIV and begins to address	psychosocial, cognitive and cultural issues encountered by PLHIV and how they	Uses specialist knowledge of the psychosocial aspects of PLHIV and to develop
Has an understanding of which	specific barriers to change when promoting diet and	HIV-specific barriers to change when promoting diet and	might impact diet and lifestyle changes (e.g.	nutrition care pathways
professional behaviours are helpful/not helpful to PLHIV	lifestyle changes	lifestyle changes	cultural beliefs about pregnancy, working with	
who are depressed and/or	Has knowledge of the	Demonstrates knowledge and	teenagers in transition	
anxious	common HIV-related neurological disorders (e.g.	understanding of the common HIV-related neurological	clinics, dealing with chronic disease management)	
Has an understanding of the	HIV-associated neuro-	disorders such as (e.g.HIV-	ansease management,	
diversity of needs that PLHIV	cognitive impairment,	associated neuro-cognitive	Works autonomously to	
may have	PML) and takes this into	impairment) and PML, and	empower complex patients	
	account when promoting	takes this into account when	to make diet and lifestyle	
Has an understanding of the	diet and lifestyle changes	promoting diet and lifestyle	changes, using techniques	
stigma that can be experienced	Droactively supports these	changes	such as Cognitive	
by PLHIV and the importance of high standards in	Proactively supports those PLHIV where stigma	Demonstrates knowledge and	Behavioural Therapy and Motivational Interviewing	
confidentiality, privacy and	affects their health and	understanding of the HIV-	Wotivational interviewing	
dignity in accordance with the	well-being	specific barriers to change and	Facilitates and encourages	
law, GMC guidance and BHIVA	-	how these can affect nutritional	self-management of chronic	
Standards of Care for People	Has knowledge of	goals and develops strategies to	disease in PLHIV	
living with HIV (2013)	common herbal remedies	address these		
	used to alleviate moods		Identifies development	
	and their possible	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of behavioural	needs of individuals/	
	interaction with ARVs (e.g.	unucistanung of Denavioufal	groups with regards to the	

St John's Wort)

Identifies PLHIV that may require counselling/ psychological support in an aim to maximise adherence to lifestyle change or nutritional advice and discusses these cases with the MDT

approaches in addressing HIV specific barriers to change and begins to use these techniques when promoting diet and lifestyle changes

Proactively supports those PLHIV where stigma affects their health and well-being

Develops a dietetic care plan in conjunction with the patient, taking into account all aspects of their HIV including psychosocial factors psychological and behavioural aspects of nutrition management in PLHIV and provides advice and support to colleagues and students as needed

Identifies and refers service users who may benefit from peer support, professional counselling services, benefits advice or further information about HIV (e.g. referral to First Point in South London).

Examples of evidence

- Reflective piece
- Evidence of self-guided research
- Evidence of clinical supervision
- Case studies
- Attendance of specialist HIV and) dietetic study days (e.g. Mildmay study days looking at HIV-related Neurocognitive Impairment)
- Attendance of courses (e.g. Cognitive Behavioural Therapy, Communication Skills)
- Witness statement
- Copy of policies developed
- Copy of referral pathways
- Copy of MDT communications (minutes of a meeting, anonymised emails)
- · Copy of local guidelines for management of patients psychosocial problems
- Copy of anonymised patient notes

4. Principles of medical nutrition

Nina Lenton, Karen Percy

, ,	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
General	Has an understanding of up- to- date and evidence based principles of healthy	Has knowledge of and communicates up-to- date and evidence based	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of and communicates complex up-	Demonstrates specialist knowledge and communicates complex up-	Competencies as per Band 7 plus:
	eating to PLHIV, and recognises when there is a	principles of healthy eating to PLHIV	to-date and evidence based, principles of	to-date and evidence based, principles of healthy eating	Leads on establishing dietitians as part of the MDT
	need to refer for more specialist nutritional advice	Demonstrates a knowledge of the relevant local policies	nutritional issues related to HIV to PLHIV	to PLHIV Demonstrates specialist	Ensures dietetic representation at all relevant HIV MDTs and
		and protocols for the treatment and	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding relevant	knowledge of the relevant local policies and protocols	business meetings
		management of HIV-related conditions	local policies and protocols for the treatment and management of HIV-related	for the treatment and management of HIV-related conditions both in an	Leads on ensuring dietetic representation in production of local and
		Is aware of BHIVA and where to locate national	conditions	inpatient and outpatient setting	national policies e.g. BHIVA, ICPs
		BHIVA guidelines if necessary	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the current national BHIVA	Demonstrates specialist knowledge of the current	Educates medical professionals outside both within and outside of the
		Under supervision, provides one-to-one care of the	guidelines and their relevance to inpatient and	national BHIVA guidelines and their relevance to	HIV MDT on nutrition in HIV
		require extensive nutritional	outpatient nutritional care	inpatient and outpatient nutritional care	
		input for example NG, NJ, PEG, RIG or PN feeding	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the relevant policies and	Provides specialist inpatient dietetic care for PLHIV	
			protocols for the management and	admitted with an HIV- related illness	

treatment of acute HIVrelated conditions and is able to inform, support and involve patients in the planning of their care, and especially nutritional care

Provides inpatient dietetic care for PLHIV admitted with an HIV-related illness including care of the critically ill, PLHIV who may require extensive nutritional input for example NG, NJ, PEG, RIG or PN feeding

Provides outpatient care for PLHIV who require dietetic input and identifies when there is a need to refer onto more senior dietitians Provides specialist outpatient care for PLHIV who require dietetic input

Ensures there is appropriate education and mentoring in the principles of managing in patients and outpatients with HIV-related conditions for junior staff members and other MDT members

Contributes to the development and regular review of guidelines and competencies for the MDT management of HIV-related conditions

Lead on and works as part of a multidisciplinary team approach to the nutritional management of the PLHIV both inpatient and outpatient setting

Supports staff in understanding the needs of patients with a new HIV-positive diagnosis or a new acute HIV-related condition with relation to nutritional

issues that may arise

Contributes to the development of nutrition sections in local and national policies

Assessment

Anthropometry	Measures weight, height, waist circumference and calculates BMI in PLHIV Carries out nutritional screening using local or HIV-specific tools or MUST/equivalent for in and out patients	Measures weight, height, waist circumference, calculate BMI and % weight loss in PLHIV Carries out nutritional screening using local or HIV-specific tools or MUST/equivalent for in and out patients	Collects and fully interprets basic and some complex anthropometry in PLHIV where relevant which may include height, waist and other circumferences, BMI and % weight loss, skin folds, grip strength, % body fat	Collects and fully interprets advanced anthropometry in PLHIV where relevant which may include height, waist and other circumferences BMI and % weight loss, skin folds, grip strength, % body fat, and is able to identify the need for more advanced body composition analysis (e.g. DEXA scan)	Competencies as per Band 7
Biochemistry	Has an understanding of CD4 count and implications of a low CD4 count	Collects all relevant biochemistry including haematology, electrolytes and urea, LFTs in PLHIV	Collects all relevant biochemistry including haematology, electrolytes and urea, LFTs in PLHIV	Collects all relevant biochemistry including haematology, electrolytes and urea, LFTs in PLHIV	Competencies as per Band 7

principles of I	HIV
biochemistry	(CD4 & VL)

relevant investigations pertaining to bone disease (e.g. Calcium, phosphate, PTH, Vitamin D, ALP)

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of HIV biochemistry (CD4, VL)

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding investigations relevant to Ols in to PLHIV (e.g. JC virus PCR, CSF viral loads) all HIV biochemistry (CD4, CD4 %, &, nadir VL, VL)

Interprets more complex relevant investigations in an HIV context (e.g. those pertaining to bone disease such as Calcium, po4, PTH, Vitamin D, ALP)

Has specialist knowledge of and interprets investigations relevant to OIs in PLHIV (e.g. JC virus PCR, CSF viral loads)

Clinical

Is able to collect relevant basic clinical information which may inform a nutritional care plan (e.g. bowel function, planned procedures) in PLHIV

Has an understanding that PLHIV are vulnerable to OIs with low CD4 counts and that these may impact appetite through nausea, diarrhoea, pain etc Collects basic information on past medical history in a PLHIV including date of diagnosis, current treatment status, past OIs etc

Has knowledge of the main HIV-related conditions precipitating in inpatient care

Identifies clinical conditions or side effects to treatment in PLHIV which may cause symptoms that may impact Collects all relevant information on past medical history in a PLHIV including date of HIV diagnosis, current treatment status, nadir CD4, past OIs and their treatment course etc

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the implication of previous HIV-related medical diagnoses Collects information on past medical history and has an in depth understanding of previous medical diagnoses in PLHIV

Has specialist knowledge of the aetiology, manifestation, management and treatment of the main causes of acute illness in PLHIV (e.g. PCP, Toxoplasmosis, Tuberculosis)

Identifies all clinical

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Leads on establishing policies and protocols for screening for risks of metabolic issues such as CVD, Bone disease

Leads on developing policies/protocols for nutritional screening/review within an MDT annual review

nutritional status (e.g. nausea and vomiting, fevers and diarrhoea) in PLHIV and approaches to controlling these

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the aetiology, manifestation, management and treatment of the main causes of acute illness in PLHIV (e.g. PCP, Toxoplasmosis, Tuberculosis etc)

Identifies all clinical conditions and treatment side effects which may cause symptoms which may impact nutritional status (e.g. nausea and vomiting, fevers and diarrhoea) in PLHIV and fully understands approaches to controlling these

Is proactive in referring to relevant specialist nurses and other MDT members

Evaluates the efficacy of ARV and OI treatment and reports to the care team as necessary

Records and interprets

conditions and treatment side effects which may cause symptoms which may impact nutritional status (e.g. nausea and vomiting, fevers and diarrhoea) in PLHIV and fully understands approaches to controlling these

Is proactive in referring to relevant specialist nurses and other HIV MDT members

Evaluates the efficacy of ARV and OI treatment and reports to the care team as necessary

Collaborates with the HIV MDT in the development and/or evaluation of tools and protocols to assist in the management of symptoms which effect nutritional status

Develops symptom control information tailored to the needs of the PLHIV as required for use by dietitians and other medical professionals

Leads to ensure links are maintained between national HIV centres and more local/small HIV clinics to ensure the continuity of patient care and to support hat dietitians working in smaller clinics

			findings reporting to appropriate team members as per protocol Routinely undertakes screening for risk of comorbidities in PLHIV using validated tools (CVR, DM risk, FRAX) and advises accordingly	Records and interprets findings reporting to appropriate team members as per protocol Routinely undertakes screening for risk of co- morbidities in PLHIV using validated tools (CVR, DM risk, FRAX) and advises accordingly	
Diet	Is able to take a simple diet history from PLHIV including timing of medications	Completes detailed diet histories relevant to the clinical situation for PLHIV	Completes a detailed diet history relevant to clinical situation in PLHIV Calculates energy, protein	Completes a detailed diet history relevant to clinical situation or reason for referral	Competencies as per Band 7
	Is able to collect information from and interpret food record charts from PLHIV Is sensitive to cultural, religious, ethnic or personal dietary preferences of	and micronutrient requirements in PLHIV using appropriate stress factors Is sensitive to and has knowledge of cultural, religious, ethnic or personal dietary preferences of PLHIV	and micronutrient requirements in PLHIV and has a good knowledge of how to estimate stress factors according to a patient's current clinical status (e.g. open TB, PCP)	Calculates energy, protein and micronutrient requirements in PLHIV and has an excellent knowledge of how to estimated stress factors according to a patient's current clinical status (e.g. open TB, PCP)	
	PLHIV	Interprets food record chart, diet histories or food diaries of PLHIV and uses them to estimate energy, protein and relevant	Is sensitive to and has a good understanding of cultural, religious, ethnic or personal dietary preferences of PLHIV Interprets food record	Is sensitive to and has in- depth understanding of patients cultural, religious, ethnic or personal dietary preferences	

micronutrient/mineral intakes

Collects information on CAM, vitamin, minerals and identifies obscure dietary beliefs and misconceptions regarding nutrition, micronutrient supplementation and complementary therapies in PLHIV

chart, diet histories or food diaries and uses them to estimates energy, protein and relevant micronutrient/ mineral intakes

Collects detailed information on CAM, vitamins minerals and identifies obscure dietary beliefs and misconceptions regarding nutrition, micronutrient supplementation and complementary therapies and HIV

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the nature of the interactions and risks posed by some CAM and advises patients accordingly. Knows where to seek more in-depth advice when need e.g. medicine and drug advisory groups, etc

Interprets food record chart, diet histories or food diaries and uses them to estimates energy, protein and relevant micronutrient/mineral intakes

Collects information on CAM, vitamins minerals and identifies obscure dietary beliefs and misconceptions regarding nutrition, micronutrient supplementation and complementary therapies and HIV

Has specialist knowledge of the nature of the interactions and risks posed by some CAM and advises patients accordingly

Collects detailed social information needed to

Collects detailed social

Competencies as per Band 7

Is able to collect basic social

Is able to gather and

Social & psychosocial

information from PLHIV

interpret social information e.g. living arrangements, employment status, immigration status for PLHIV

Is able to identify vulnerable PLHIV

Is aware of key support agencies for PLHIV and advises patients on or refers to these (e.g. THT,NASS, The Food Chain) develop an ongoing care plan for PLHIV

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding and interpretation of different immigration statuses and the relevant entitlements in PLHIV

Is aware of key support agencies for PLHIV and advises patients on or refers to these (e.g. THT,NASS, The Food Chain)

Is able to identify vulnerable PLHIV communicates with the MDT regarding this patients social and psychological care

Supports and assists PLHIV to understand the nature of their condition and its impact on their health, well-being and nutritional status

information needed to develop an ongoing care plan for PLHIV

Has excellent knowledge of different immigration statuses and the relevant entitlements in PLHIV

Is able to identify vulnerable patients communicates with the MDT regarding this patients social and psychological care

Is aware of key support agencies and advises patients on or refers to these (e.g. THT, NASS, The Food Chain)

Supports and assists PLHIV to understand the nature of their condition and its impact on their health, well-being and nutritional status

Supports patients' psychological well-being especially during times of increased vulnerability (e.g. after diagnosis, when starting treatment)

Care Planning

Is able to facilitate implementation of a dietetic care plan for PLHIV through liaising with the relevant parties (e.g. catering, stores, nursing staff)

Supports the implementation of a dietetic care plan for PLHIV devised by a more senior dietitian through liaison with other parties (e.g. medical teams, external agencies) agencies, catering

Uses supporting diet sheets and written information pitched an appropriate level for the PLHIV Collaborates with the PLHIV where possible to develop a patient-centred dietetic care plan which takes into consideration the current patient setting (e.g. in or outpatient) and facilities available

Plans the appropriate level of assessment and observation, in conjunction with the medical team, to ensure early detection of any changes to nutritional status

Considers all related factors when developing a nutritional care plan for a PLHIV(e.g. resources, hospital policies, medical intervention, patient preferences)

Uses supporting diet sheets and written information pitched an appropriate level for the PLHIV Collaborates with PLHIV where possible to develop a patient-centred dietetic care plan which takes into consideration the current patient setting (e.g. in or

outpatient) and facilities

available

Plans the appropriate level of assessment and observation, in conjunction with the medical team, to ensure early detection of any changes to nutritional status

Considers all related factors when developing a nutritional care plan for PLHIV (e.g. resources, hospital policies, medical intervention, patient preferences)

Uses supporting diet sheets and written information pitched an appropriate level for the PLHIV Competencies as per Band 7

Follow up & Discharge planning

Is able to identify and feed back to the supervising dietitian when a confirmed discharge date is known for **PLHIV**

Has knowledge of the discharge process and local policies, guidelines and assessment tools to aid discharge planning for PLHIV

Ensures a PLHIV continues to receive nutritional care with clinic dietitian/ HIV centre to ensure dietetic follow up as needed

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the discharge process and local policies, guidelines and assessment tools to aid discharge planning for PLHIV

In conjunction with the HIV MDT, collaborates with the PLHIV and their friends/ family, to develop a comprehensive discharge package

Ensures PLHIV continue to receive nutritional care with clinic dietitian/ HIV centre to centre to ensure dietetic ensure dietetic follow up as needed

Where necessary provides a full written or verbal full written or verbal handover document for a **PLHIV**

Recognises that PLHIV are vulnerable and therefore should continue to be offered outpatient follow up even if outpatient follow up even if they Do Not Attend they Do Not Attend

Has specialist knowledge of the discharge process and local policies, guidelines and assessment tools to aid discharge planning for PLHIV

In conjunction with the MDT, collaborates with the patient and their friends/ family, to develop a comprehensive discharge package

Takes full responsibility to ensure that PLHIV continues to receive nutritional care with clinic dietitian/ HIV follow up as needed

Where necessary provides a handover document for a **PLHIV**

Recognises that PLHIV are vulnerable and therefore should continue to be offered Competencies as per Band 7

Liaises with the hospital unit/GP practice on policies for DNA

Leads to ensure appropriate Dietetic clinics are available in order to provide appropriate follow up in specialist centres where patients are seen for their HIV care

Examples of evidence

- Reflective piece
- Evidence of clinical supervision
- Case studies
- Attendance of specialist HIV study days (e.g. DHIVA study day)
- Witness statement
- Copy of policies developed
- Copy of referral pathways
- Copy of MDT communications (minutes of a meeting, anonymised emails)
- Copy of local guidelines for management of patients with co-morbidities
- Copy of anonymised patient notes

5. Specific nutrition-related needs of children and adolescents (transition clinics)

Julie Lanagan, Lisa Cooke

Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
Graduate dietitians and dietetic assistants should be able to show:	In addition to band 4 competencies dietitians should:	In addition to bands 4 and 5 competencies dietitians should:	In addition to band 6 competencies dietitians should:	In addition to band 7 competencies dietitians should be able to
Understanding of special circumstances	Demonstrate a basic understanding of HIV, nutritional needs specific to the	Provide dietary advice in uncomplicated HIV.	Have specialised knowledge of nutritional and food requirements in children and	understand and manage more complex conditions including:
influencing families affected by HIV. For example:	disease and nutritional problems that may occur in infected children.	Plot growth using UK-1990 charts, interpret measurements to identify growth faltering or	adolescents with HIV e.g. able to advise on cardioprotective diet in children with increased	Gastrointestinal pathologies e.g. HIV associated enteropathies
Understand that children may not be aware of HIV	Have knowledge of current policies and guidelines for	upward centile crossing (indicating increased risk of obesity).	CVD risk. Demonstrate a high level of	Long-term complications e.g. bone disease and increased risk of cardiovascular disease
diagnosis. Understand the need for	PLWHIVA e.g. infant feeding recommendations.	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of psychosocial	expertise in growth monitoring including use and interpretation of growth charts.	Instigate and coordinate research to inform clinical practice e.g.
anonymity in note keeping and general discussion to maintain	Demonstrate ability to relate general nutrition knowledge to children with HIV.	and economic influences on HIV and adapt nutritional advice to accommodate these e.g. able to	Formulate specific nutritional diagnoses and provide care plan	evaluation of nutritional and dietetic interventions.
confidentiality. Understand dietary	Assist more senior dietitians with annual assessment	translate advice to culturally appropriate foods.	for complicated diagnoses. Demonstrate ability to interpret	Develop and maintain care pathways e.g. dyslipidaemia algorithm, annual assessment process.
needs of HIV including Multicultural foods and	procedures and research under supervision e.g. conduct and record anthropometric	Be able to record details of assessment (e.g. interpretation of growth and biochemical	biochemical analyses and identify presence or risk of nutritional imbalances.	ossessment process.
differing dietary practice.	measurements, report and collate results of biochemical tests.	tests, nutritional diagnosis and treatment plan) in medical and dietetic notes.	Be competent in applying anthropometric techniques to assess body fat distribution:	

Be up to date on research informing nutritional aspects of HIV.

- Waist/limb circumferences
- Skin fold thickness

Manage nutritional complications of HIV and its treatment including nutritional deficiencies, dyslipidaemia and obesity.

Apply care pathways including dyslipidaemia algorithm.

Examples of Evidence

- Maintains patient confidentiality e.g. record cards kept in locked cupboard.
- Maintenance of resources for use by dietitians.
- Participation in journal clubs and online forums.
- Accurate reporting.
- Production of resources and teaching aids.
- Complete annual assessments.
- Conduct clinical audit and case note reviews.
- Produces articles and reports.
- Links with professional bodies e.g. CHIVA.
- Production of dietetic assessment and treatment plans e.g. dyslipidaemia treatment algorithm.
- Presentation and publication of results from case not reviews, clinical audit and research.

6. Nutrition-related needs of specific HIV groups

	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
African and Other Ethnic Minority Groups Alice Pugliese	Considers cultural, ethnic and religious needs in all PLHIV interactions Demonstrates awareness of the stigma associated with HIV in African and other ethnic groups, the need to	Has a knowledge and understanding of the major ethnic groups represented in their HIV clinic including their main cultural beliefs, religious and dietary practices	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the ethnic groups represented in their HIV clinic including their main cultural beliefs, religious and dietary practices.	Has an excellent knowledge of the ethnic groups represented in their HIV clinic including their main cultural beliefs, religious and dietary practices	Competencies as per Band 7
	respect confidentiality	Uses this knowledge to consider each PLHIV's cultural, ethnic and religious needs when making dietary assessments and giving dietary and lifestyle advice	Uses this knowledge to consider each PLHIV's cultural, ethnic and religious needs when making dietary assessments and giving dietary and lifestyle advice	Uses this knowledge to consider each patients cultural, ethnic and religious needs when making dietary assessments and giving dietary and lifestyle	
		Demonstrates awareness of the stigma associated with HIV in African and other	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the stigma associated with HIV	advice and in discussion with the MDT	
		ethnic groups, the need to respect confidentiality and the impact this may have on compliance with dietary and lifestyle advice	in African and other ethnic groups, the need to respect confidentiality and the impact this may have on compliance with dietary and lifestyle advice	Demonstrates excellent knowledge and understanding of the stigma associated with HIV in African and other ethnic groups, the need to	
		Uses reliable sources to find out more about dietary practices of different ethnic groups and applies this to interactions with patients	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of co- morbidities frequently observed in PLHIV with	respect confidentiality and the impact this may have on compliance with dietary and lifestyle advice	

African and other ethnic groups, and any dietary implications

Has a knowledge and understanding of the traditional African and other ethnic groups, diet, cooking practices and staple foods

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of traditional African and other ethnic groups, cooking practices that can impact on following a healthy diet e.g. large portion sizes, excessive use of fats and sugars Demonstrates excellent knowledge and understanding of comorbidities frequently observed in PLHIV with African and other ethnic groups, and any dietary implications Has an excellent knowledge of a traditional African and other ethnic groups, diet and regional variations including common staple foods and cooking methods.

Has an excellent knowledge and understanding of other traditional/ethnic diets amongst groups represented in their clinic population

Asylum Seekers

Alice Pugliese

Demonstrates awareness of vulnerability of asylum seekers and is able to signpost PLHIV who to go to in the MDT for support and advice

Is aware of social and food securities of patients, within financial and housing Considers low income, lack of cooking facilities and lack of social support when advising PLHIV that are asylum seekers and refugees

Know which member of the MDT to refer to if an PLHIV

Demonstrates good skills in advising PLHIV on a low income and with limited cooking facilities to achieve a balanced diet

Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the potential social and Demonstrates expert skills in advising those on PLHIV who are asylum seekers on low income and with limited cooking facilities to achieve a balanced diet

Has excellent awareness

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Leads at a regional/national level on building contacts with organisations/charities working with Asylum seekers (HIV and non-HIV) and providing education

constraints

Is aware of relevant outside agencies/ support groups which may assist PLHIV in meeting their nutritional goals

who is an Asylum seeker does not have enough money to access a nutritionally adequate diet for their needs

Demonstrates awareness of the potential psychological impact of asylum seeker / refugee status in PLHIV and know who to refer to for further support psychological impact of being an asylum seeker/ refugee and skilled in using counselling and motivational interviewing.

Knows who and when to refer on to as necessary

Demonstrates basic knowledge of the asylum system, benefits available and understanding of commonly used terms e.g. Refugee, Asylum Seeker, and leave to remain.

Aware of local charities and organisations (HIV and non-HIV) that can offer assistance to asylum seekers , refugees, trafficked women and how to refer to them / who in the MDT can refer to them

Aware of local organisations that provide food parcels, meal services to Asylum seekers and how to refer to them of the potential social and psychological impact of being an asylum seeker/refugee as a PLHIV and is skilled and experienced in using counselling and motivational interviewing. Knows who and when to refer on to as necessary

Has excellent overall knowledge of asylum system, terminology used and the stages of support, good awareness of how asylum seekers access food and accommodation

Has good contacts with those who can provide detailed up to date information for benefits advice / access to services and refers PLLHIV to these as appropriate

Has excellent awareness of local charities and organisations (HIV and non-HIV) that can offer assistance to asylum seekers, refugees, trafficked women and how to refer to them

Builds relationships and

and training

Leads at a regional/national level on building contacts with organisations/charities to secure food securities for PLHIV

contacts with local organisations/ charities working with Asylum seekers, refugees, trafficked women as necessary for clinic population

Provides nutrition education for organisations and local charities providing food parcels/meals for Asylum seekers who are PLHIV

Assesses social and food securities of PLHIV who are asylum seekers
Advises individuals on nutritional goals within financial and housing constraints.

Co-ordinate links with outside agencies/support groups (HIV/ non HIV) to ensure the appropriate delivery of nutritional goals

Peoples who use drugs and alcohol dependency

Considers, the nature and status of substance abuse (e.g. in rehab, clean, current), social situation and food securities of a PLHIV

Considers, the nature and status of substance abuse (e.g. in rehab, clean, current), social situation and food securities of a PLHIV

Demonstrates excellent knowledge of the effect of recreational drugs on appetite, dietary intake, and bowel habits. Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Leading at regional and national level to build

Tracy Russell

and tailors advice and nutritional goal setting accordingly

Refer to appropriate Outside agencies/support groups (HIV and/or non-HIV) to ensure the delivery of nutritional goals

Be aware of relationship between nutritional deficiencies and drugnutrient interactions, chaotic lifestyle, poor dietary intake, low food prioritisation, poor dentition. Giving appropriate nutritional advice

Identify side effects of drug use/alcohol dependency and advise on appropriate nutritional intervention and tailors advice and nutritional goal setting accordingly

Refer to appropriate
Outside agencies/support
groups (HIV and/or non HIV)
to ensure the delivery of
nutritional goals

Be aware of the effect of recreational drugs on appetite, dietary intake, bowel habits

Be aware of any ARV and recreational drug interactions, and how drugs can affect ARV adherence

Be aware of relationship between nutritional deficiencies and drugnutrient interactions, chaotic lifestyle, poor dietary intake, low food prioritisation, poor dentition. Giving appropriate nutritional advice

Identify side effects of drug use/alcohol dependency and advise on appropriate nutritional intervention

Has e specialist knowledge of any ARV and recreational drug interactions and how drugs can affect ARV adherence

Educate outside agencies, GPs and support groups on nutritional deficiencies due to drug-nutrient interactions, chaotic lifestyle, poor dietary intake, low food prioritisation, poor dentition.

Identify side effects of drug use/alcohol dependency and advise on appropriate nutritional intervention relationships with organisations, charities & media (including the Gay press) who work with MSM and providing education and training

MSMs - Men who have sex with men

Damon Nichols

Has awareness that not all MSM identify themselves as gay, homosexual or bisexual and avoids prejudice that may cause offence and compromise the patient-practitioner relationship

Has awareness that MSMs can vary widely in terms of ethnicity, culture, religion, class, socioeconomic status and age

Has awareness that not all MSM identify themselves as gay, homosexual or bisexual and avoids prejudice that may cause offence and compromise the patient-practitioner relationship

Has awareness that MSMs can vary widely in terms of ethnicity, culture, religion, class, socioeconomic status and age

Demonstrates awareness of the stigma associated with both MSM and HIV (e.g. inability to reveal sexual and HIV status to family/friends) and understands that the psychological and physiological impact this may have on a PLHIV

Has a basic understanding about aspects of behaviours associated with 'Gay culture' and an awareness of factors affecting adherence to ART

Has awareness that not all MSM identify themselves as gay, homosexual or bisexual and avoids prejudice that may cause offence and compromise the patient-practitioner relationship

Has awareness that MSMs can vary widely in terms of ethnicity, culture, religion, class, socioeconomic status and age

Demonstrates awareness of the stigma associated with both MSM and HIV (e.g. inability to reveal sexual and HIV status to family/friends) and understands that the psychological and physiological impact this may have on a PLHIV

Has a basic understanding about aspects of behaviours associated with 'Gay culture' and an awareness of factors affecting adherence to ART MSM identify themselves as gay, homosexual or bisexual and avoids

prejudice that may cause offence and compromise the patient-practitioner relationship

Has awareness that not all

Has awareness that MSMs can vary widely in terms of ethnicity, culture, religion, class, socioeconomic status and age

Demonstrates a specialist understanding of the stigma associated with both MSM and HIV (e.g. inability to reveal sexual and HIV status to family/friends) and understands that the psychological and physiological impact this may have on a PLHIV

Has an excellent good understanding about

Competencies as per Band 7

medication and/or dietary intake (e.g. club culture and associated use of alcohol and recreational drugs)

Is aware that some MSM may work as sex workers

medication and/or dietary intake (e.g. club culture and associated use of alcohol and recreational drugs)

Understands that some MSM may work as sex workers and how this may impact diet and ART adherence

Has an understanding of depression and mental health issues amongst PLHIV that are MSM and that these can affect adherence to ART and diet

Has knowledge of gay and general support services and organisations (e.g. GMFA, Age UK)which offer services such as counselling and key working to PLHIV

Is aware that many MSM living with HIV (especially those that have been HIV positive for long period) may have extensive knowledge and

aspects of behaviours associated with 'Gay culture' and an awareness of factors affecting adherence to ART medication and/or dietary intake (e.g. club culture and associated use of alcohol and recreational drugs)

Has an excellent understanding that some MSM may work as sex workers and how this may impact diet and ART adherence

Has an specialist understanding of depression and mental health issues amongst PLHIV that are MSM and that these can affect adherence to ART and diet

Has an excellent knowledge of gay and general support services and organisations (e.g. GMFA, Age UK) which

understanding about HIV and ensures that advice and education is pitched accordingly

Has a knowledge of body image issues amongst some PLHIV that are MSMs (emphasis on being body beautiful, use of steroids, protein supplements)

Has a knowledge of sports nutrition is able to discuss evidence base and dispel possible diet myths to PLHIV that are MSM offer services such as counselling and key working to PLHIV

Is aware that many MSM living with HIV (especially those that have been HIV positive for a long period) may have extensive knowledge and understanding about HIV and ensures that advice and education is pitched accordingly

Has a specialist knowledge of body image issues amongst some PLHIV that are MSMs (emphasis on being body beautiful, use of steroids, protein supplements)

Has an excellent knowledge of sports nutrition is able to discuss evidence base and dispel possible diet myths to PLHIV that are MSM

Has a specialist understanding of the

psychological and physical impact of HIV on patients that were diagnosed before the advent of effective anti-retroviral therapy

Delivers education on nutritional issues affecting PLHIV who are MSM (alcohol, recreational and intravenous drug use and abuse, growing older with HIV, mental health, social isolation, socioeconomic status etc) within and outside the organisation

Examples of Evidence

- Case studies/reports
- Lists of outside agencies/ food co-ops
- Minutes of meetings with support groups
- Copy of educational material
- Literature reviews

7. Co-morbidities

	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
Specific Co- morbidity					
Impaired Glucose		Demonstrates knowledge of how HIV, ARVs and	Has an understanding of the correlation between IGT,	Has an excellent understanding of the	Competencies as per Band 7 plus:
Tolerance (IGT)/		traditional risk factors can	MetS in HIV leading to	correlation between IGT,	Develops pathways for referral to specialists outside of HIV services
Metabolic Syndrome (MetS)		lead to progression of IGT, MetS, DM in PLHIV	include knowledge of HIV progression of diabetes to	progression of diabetes to	
/ Diabetes		Identifies, considers and	specific co-morbidities (e.g. HCV) and ARV (e.g. PIs,	include knowledge of HIV specific co-morbidities (e.g. HCV) and ARV (PIs, NRTI, hepatic steatosis and fat redistribution related factors)	Educates medical professionals not working in the field of HIV (e.g. HIV specific barriers to lifestyle change)
Mellitus (DM)/		address common dietary beliefs and misconceptions regarding both HIV and DM	NRTI, hepatic steatosis and fat re-distribution related factors)		
Rosaleen McDermott					
		Recognises that lifestyle treatment guidelines for the prevention and treatment of DM for the general population should be applied to PLHIV	Recognises that lifestyle treatment guidelines for the prevention and treatment of DM for the general population should be applied to PLHIV	Recognises that lifestyle treatment guidelines for the prevention and treatment of DM for the general population should be applied to PLHIV	
		Demonstrates understanding of long-term complications of DM and HIV and provides specific diet and	Is aware of Complementary and Alternative Medicines (CAM), vitamins and minerals used in DM and the potential interactions with HIV medications	Has an excellent knowledge of CAM, vitamins and minerals used in DM and the potential interactions with HIV medications	

lifestyle advice to prevent and treat these complications where relevant

Is aware of their own limitations and appropriately refers to specialist/senior dietitians (e.g. carbohydrate counting) Is aware of the influence DM medications can have on fat redistribution in PLHIV

Is up-to-date with current nutrition research into IGT, MetS and DM in PLHIV including nutrition intervention

Co-manages the care of complex patient with specialist diabetes dietitians

Has specialist knowledge regarding the link between DM medications and fat redistribution in PLHIV (e.g. the use of Metformin)

Is up-to-date with and contributes to current nutrition research into IGT, MetS and DM in PLHIV including nutrition intervention

Co-manages the care of complex patient with specialist diabetes dietitians

Reiterates advice for safe disposal of lancets, glucose strips, insulin syringes, pens and needles to prevent HIV transmission

Cardiovascular Disease (CVD)

Nina Lenton

Understands the increased risk of CVD amongst PLHIV due to the HIV virus itself, the effects of specific ARVs, and increased incidence of traditional risk factors in these groups

Has an understanding of tools available to estimate cardiovascular risks (e.g. Framingham, QRISk, CHIPS) and limitations of their use in PLHIV. Understands and explains the increased risk of CVD amongst PLHIV due to the HIV virus itself, the effects of specific ARVs, and increased incidence of traditional risk factors in these groups

Carries out cardiovascular risk assessment using the most appropriate tool or according to local guidelines and has an understanding of the limitations of their use in PLHIV

Develops patient centred dietetic action plans to modify cardiovascular risk given HIV specific factors (e.g. underweight dyslipidaemic patient)

Provides advice on accessing relevant HIV services to assist with lifestyle modification (e.g. exercise programmes, stop smoking services, psychology)

Is aware that changes in ARVs may have a beneficial

Demonstrates specialist knowledge of the increased risk of CVD amongst PLHIV due to the HIV virus itself, the effects of specific ARVs, and increased incidence of traditional risk factors in these groups

Develops tools for cardiovascular risk assessment for the local population

Develops patient centred dietetic action plans to modify cardiovascular risk given HIV specific factors (e.g. underweight dyslipidaemic patient)

Liaises with clinicians regarding the initiation and alteration in dosage of lipid lowering therapy (including statins, fibrates and omega-3 fatty acids) and is aware of potential interactions with ARVs

Liaises with clinicians regarding changes of ARVs to more lipid-friendly

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Develops pathways for referral to specialists outside of HIV services.

Educates medical professionals not working in the field of HIV regarding CVD and nutrition in HIV (e.g. addresses HIV specific barriers to lifestyle change)

Leads on dietetic treatment of CVD across services for PLHIV(e.g. patients transitioning from paediatric to adult service

Leads on the development of a tool for annual CVD risk assessment in PLHIV

effect on lipid profiles

combination where appropriate

Describes and critically appraises clinical trials in PLHIV which provide evidence of diet and lifestyle intervention improving risks of CVD

Educates specialist healthcare professionals not working in the field of HIV Identifies patients appropriate for referral to specialists outside of HIV services

Is a source of specialist advice to the MDT on diet and CVD in PLHIV

Malnutrition

Nina Lenton

Uses basic anthropometric data to identify cases of malnutrition in PLHIV

Understands the causes of malnutrition in PLHIV

Understands that opportunistic infections and CD4 count may affect estimates of nutritional requirements in PLHIV

Understands the need to

Uses full anthropometric data, biochemical results and subjective global assessment to identify cases of malnutrition in PLHIV

Understands and explains the causes of malnutrition in PLHIV

Estimates nutritional requirements using appropriate HIV-related stress factor (e.g.

Uses full anthropometric data, biochemical results and subjective global assessment to identify cases of malnutrition in PLHIV

Has specialist knowledge of and explains the causes of malnutrition in PLHIV

Estimates nutritional requirements using appropriate HIV-related stress factor (e.g.

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Educates medical professionals not working in the field of HIV regarding malnutrition in PLHIV (e.g. addresses HIV specific barriers to lifestyle change)

Ensures implementation and supports training

consider food requirements and interactions with ARVs when planning nutrition intervention considering CD4 count and opportunistic infections)

Can identify HIV-specific factors which may contribute to decreased oral intake (e.g. oral/oesophageal candida, ARV related side effects including CNS and GI disturbance)

Considers food requirements and interactions with ARVs when planning nutrition intervention

Tailors oral and enteral nutrition support (e.g. feed or supplement choice) according to a PLHIV's current symptoms (e.g. nausea, gastrointestinal disturbance)

Provides education and sessions to HIV team on nutrition screening to identify those at risk of malnutrition

considering CD4 count and opportunistic infections)

Provides expertise to the MDT in considering HIV-associated effects (e.g. gastrointestinal MAI/CMV) on the absorptive capacity of the gut and identifying preferred routes of nutrition support

Has specialist knowledge of food requirements and interactions with ARVs when planning nutrition intervention

Requests relevant blood tests from the MDT in order to identify types of HIV associated malabsorption (e.g. faecal elastase, alpha 1 anti-trypsin)

Tailors oral and enteral nutrition support (e.g. feed or supplement choice) according to PLHIV's current symptoms (e.g. nausea, gastrointestinal disturbance)

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Consider the benefits of disease specific supplements in PLHIV

schedules for nutrition screening tools within HIV team

Obesity & Lipodystrophy

Jason Theobold

Is aware that the side effects of ARVs may include body fat distribution changes

Understands the role of exercise in the management of obesity and lipodystrophy Acknowledges the role of medications in obesity and lipodystrophy

With the support of the MDT monitors patients using pharmaco-therapy to support improvements in weight/body fat changes (e.g. orlistat, metformin)

Is aware of local initiatives or groups which could be of support to HIV patients who are managing their weight

Has an awareness of the difference between HIV lipoatrophy and HIV associated wasting Can identify, with support from the MDT, cases of lipohypertrophy (as opposed to obesity)

Is aware of the classes of ARVs which are more likely to cause body fat distribution changes

Encourages patient with general healthy eating principles acknowledging the potential role of fibre in management of lipodystrophy

With some support of the MDT monitors PLHIV who are using pharmacotherapy to support improvements in weight/body fat changes

Refers/directs patients appropriately to initiatives/groups which could be of support to PLHIV who are managing their weight nutrition screening to identify those at risk of malnutrition

Conducts a full anthropometric assessment

Provides education and sessions to HIV team on

anthropometric assessment which may include measurements of skin fold thickness, circumferences, bio-electrical impedance, waist to hip ratio and interprets the results Can identify, with support from the MDT, cases of lipohypertrophy (as opposed to obesity) and lipoatrophy (as opposed to malnutrition) and is able to explain this to the patient

Is aware of the role of specific ARVs (past and present use) which are more prone to cause body fat distribution changes

Encourages PLHIV with general healthy eating principles acknowledging the potential role of fibre in management of lipodystrophy Leads on establishing links and referral pathways through to exercise services for patients
Leads on developing local protocols for anthropometric assessment of patients starting or switching antiretroviral therapy

Has an understanding of the difference between HIV lipoatrophy and HIV associated wasting Is able to identify PLHIV that may be appropriate for additional pharmacotherapy in the management of obesity/ lipohypertrophy

Monitors patients using pharmacotherapy to support improvements in weight/body fat changes

Is proactive in referring PLHIV into appropriate specialist services (e.g. Newfill clinics, Metabolic clinics)

Bone Health

Amy Goodwin

Demonstrates an understanding of how diet, lifestyle and HIV related factors can affect bone health in PLHIV

Understands that specific ARVs and other health conditions may affect bone health

Accesses up-to-date information about HIV and bone health, and clinical guidelines for management and care of patients

Has an understanding of how diet, lifestyle and HIV related factors can affect bone health in PLHIV

Demonstrates knowledge of how specific ARVs and other health conditions may affect bone health (e.g. increased phosphate loses with Tenofovir, decreased BMD in HCV

Gathers and interprets all clinical information available in relation to the bone health of PLHIV Has specialist knowledge and understands the underlying pathophysiology of how diet, lifestyle and HIV related factors can affect bone health in PLHIV

Demonstrates specialist knowledge about how specific ARVs and comorbidities may affect bone health in PLHIV

Accesses up-to-date information about HIV and bone health, and clinical guidelines for management

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Leads on establishing dietetic role/ referral route into external clinics

Leads on establishing links and referral pathways through to exercise services for PLHIV Gathers all basic clinical information relevant in making an assessment of bone health in PLHIV (e.g. history of fractures, vitamin D status, dairy intake)

Counsels on diet and lifestyle changes which may improve bone health in PLHIV Is able to identify PLHIV who may be at risk of vitamin D deficiency (e.g. people who are covered up, people with liver disease)

Suggests diet and lifestyle changes to improve bone health in line with other advice for PLHIV

Is able to make basic recommendations on the supplementation of Vitamin D and calcium

Considers social and cultural situation of PLHIV, and takes this into account when assessing the patient and devising a care plan (e.g. lactose-intolerance, limited sunlight exposure)

and care of PLHIV

Helps to devise local guidelines for calculating bone health risks including tools such as FRAX/Q-Risk and other risk factors

Works with the MDT to produce local policies to ensure bone health is routinely monitored in PLHIV and appropriate referrals are made for nutritional assessment/advice

Identifies and facilitates referral to specialists outside of the MDT (e.g. endocrinologist)

Is proactive in liaising with the MDT with regards to potential changes in medication and in requesting further investigations (e.g. DEXA scans)

Provides expert knowledge to both the PLHIV and MDT on the supplementation of Vitamin D, Calcium and Phosphate.

Liver Disease (e.g. Hepatitis C co-infection)

Tracy Russell

Has a basic understanding of the correlation between malnutrition and progression of liver disease, and the association with liver related mortality and immunodeficiency

Has a basic understanding of HCV/HBV co-infection and its effect on HIV progression Has an understanding of the correlation between malnutrition and progression of liver disease, and the association with liver related mortality and immunodeficiency

Has an understanding of HCV/HBV co-infection and its effect on HIV progression.

Has an understanding of the treatment for HCV/HIV coinfected patients, nutrition related side effects and the potential impact on nutritional intake and status

Is able to advise on food requirements for HCV treatments (drug -nutrient interactions)

Trains health professionals on nutritional screening of co-infected patients undergoing HCV treatment

Is aware of CAM remedies used in liver disease and seeks advice on the potential interactions with Has an excellent understanding of the correlation between malnutrition and the progression of liver disease, and the association with liver related mortality and immunodeficiency in PLHIV

Has a specialist understanding of HCV/HBV co-infection and its effect on HIV progression

Is a source of excellence in nutritional assessment and calculation of nutritional requirements in liver disease, including use of anthropometry and interpretation of nutritional markers in both compensated and decompensated liver disease in HIV (e.g. ISAK Course qualifications)

Has a specialist understanding of the treatment for HCV/HIV co-infected patients and nutrition related side effects, thus the potential impact on nutritional intake

Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Leads on establishing referral pathways to outside agencies to support patients through treatment

ARVs.

and status.

Is up to date with emerging evidence of nutrition and HCV including nutrition intervention/advice and nutrition related effects of HCV treatment

Is able to advise on food requirements for Hep C treatments (drug nutrient interactions)

Develops and implements nutrition screening tools for co-infected patients undergoing HCV treatment

Has an excellent knowledge of CAM used in liver disease and the potential interactions with ARVs and knows where to seek further advice on these.

Is up-to-date with emerging evidence of nutrition and HCV including nutrition intervention/advice and nutrition related effects of HCV treatment

Identifies the need for further support to maximise nutritional care (e.g. buddy service) and makes appropriate referrals

Pancreatic insufficiency

Kirsty Marshall

Understands the endocrine and exocrine functions of the pancreas and recognises that PLHIV are at higher risk of pancreatic insufficiency due to ARV medication, in addition to non-HIV associated risk factors

Understands that pancreatic replacement therapy (PERT) is the mainstay treatment in PLHIV for exocrine pancreatic insufficiency in chronic pancreatitis

Is aware of different PERT doses and of basic dietary guidance (e.g. taking enzymes immediately before or with food)

Is able to carry out full nutritional assessment in patients with HIV and chronic pancreatitis, identifying sources of fat

Is able to manage simple pancreatic insufficiency cases in PLHIV with supervision

Has an understanding of the endocrine and exocrine functions of the pancreas and an appreciation of the nutritional medical consequences of pancreatic insufficiency in PLHIV

Recognises that PLHIV are at higher risk of pancreatic insufficiency due to ARVs and specific drug class (e.g. NRTIs and possibly PIs) and understand that there is a link between the HIV virus itself and pancreatic insufficiency

Understands that PERT is the mainstay treatment in PLHIV for exocrine pancreatic insufficiency in chronic pancreatitis

Has knowledge of the administration of enzymes, dosages, preparations and brands including the management of enterally fed PLHIV with pancreatic insufficiency

Is able to carry out full nutritional assessment in patients with HIV and chronic pancreatitis, Has an excellent understanding of all medical, surgical and nutritional aspects of pancreatic insufficiency

Recognises that PLHIV are at higher risk of pancreatic insufficiency due to ARVs and specific drug class (e.g. NRTIs and possibly PIs) and understand that there is a link between the HIV virus itself and pancreatic insufficiency

Understands that PERT is the mainstay treatment in PLHIV for exocrine pancreatic insufficiency in chronic pancreatitis

Has an excellent knowledge of the administration of enzymes, dosages, preparations and brands including the management of enterally fed PLHIV with pancreatic insufficiency

Can assess gastroenterological symptoms in PLHIV and can recognise symptomatic improvement due to enzyme replacement Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Develops pathways for referral to specialists outside of HIV services

Cancer Karen Percy Understands there is an increased risk cancer in PLHIV

including dietary fat calculation

Can assess gastroenterological symptoms in PLHIV and recognise symptomatic improvement due to enzyme replacement

Understands when PLHIV may require adjustment of pancreatic enzyme dosing

Identifies and advises on food and fat requirements of ART and makes recommendation about PERT dosages accordingly

Identifies PLHIV that may have pancreatic insufficiency and has a full understanding of testing and diagnostic criteria

Understands the increased risk of cancer amongst PLHIV and that it is a major cause of morbidity and mortality

Understands the difference between AIDS- defining and non-AIDS defining cancers Is able to adjust PERT dosages in PLHIV with support from medical team

Identifies when further gastroenterological assessment or investigation is required in PLHIV

Works with the MDT in the diagnosis and treatment of pancreatic insufficiency in PLHIV

Supervises junior staff working within the team that are managing pancreatic insufficiency in PLHIV

Educates patients and health professionals on the dietetic management of HIV patients with chronic pancreatitis Understands the increased risk of cancer amongst PLHIV and that it is a major cause of morbidity and mortality

Has an excellent understanding between the difference between AIDSdefining and non-AIDS Competencies as per Band 7 plus:

Ensures systems are in place for specialist HIV dietitians to provide full dietetic support to PLHIV attending specialist cancer centres if applicable

Understands there is an increased risk of AIDS-defining malignancies in those not yet diagnosed or with poorly controlled HIV

Understand there is an increased risk of non-AIDS defining malignancies in the those with a HIV diagnosis

Understands that estimates of nutritional requirements in PLHIV and with cancer are increased

Understand that malnutrition can become a major concern in the diagnosis and treatment phase of cancer

Understands how to prevent and treat malnutrition in PLHIV and cancer

Understands the side effects of treatment (e.g. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea or mucositis etc) and the impact this may have on the patients' nutritional intake and status

Understands the role of and

defining cancers

Understands there is an increased risk of AIDS-defining malignancies in those not yet diagnosed or with poorly controlled HIV Understand there is an increased risk of non-AIDS defining malignancies in the those with a HIV diagnosis

Is a source of excellence in nutritional assessment and calculation of nutritional requirements in cancer, including use of anthropometry and interpretation of nutritional markers in both AIDSdefining and non AIDS defining cancers

Has an excellent understanding of biochemical markers (e.g. neutropenic or pancocytopaenia) which require dietary advice

Has an excellent understanding of cancer treatments used in PLHIV and (e.g type of treatment, duration, expected side effects, life expectancy) Ensures Specialist HIV dietitians have adequate additional specialist training in the nutritional management of patients with cancer

demonstrates good communication with the palliative care team

Is able to show empathy, compassion and understands the appropriate level of nutrition intervention in end of life care

Demonstrates awareness of medications which may assist in symptom control (e.g. anti-emtics, laxatives, anti-motility agents, appetite stimulants etc) in PLHIV with cancer

Considers food requirements for PLHIV and cancer and interactions with ARVs when planning nutrition intervention

Tailors oral and enteral nutrition support (e.g. feed or supplement choice) according to a PLHIV's current symptoms (e.g. nausea, gastrointestinal disturbance, mucositis) Has an excellent understanding of the side effects of treatment (e.g. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea or mucositis etc) and the impact this may have on the patients nutritional intake and status

Demonstrates excellent a awareness of medications which may assist in symptom control (e.g. antiemtics, laxatives, antimotility agents, appetite stimulants etc)in PLHIV with cancer

Demonstrates excellent indepth knowledge regarding malnutrition becoming a major concern in the diagnosis and treatment phase of cancer

Demonstrates excellent knowledge of how to prevent and treat malnutrition in PLHIV and cancer

Considers food requirements for PLHIV and cancer and interactions with

ARVs when planning nutrition intervention

Expertly tailors oral and enteral nutrition support (e.g. feed or supplement choice) according to a PLHIV's current symptoms (e.g. nausea, gastrointestinal disturbance, mucositis)

Understands the role of and demonstrates good communication with the palliative care team

Is able to show empathy, compassion and understands the appropriate level of nutrition intervention in end of life care

Examples of evidence

- Reflective piece
- Evidence of self-guided research
- Evidence of clinical supervision
- Case studies
- Attendance of specialist HIV study days (e.g. DHIVA study day)
- Attendance of non-HIV specialist courses (e.g. Nutrition support, Obesity management)
- Witness statement
- Copy of policies developed
- Copy of referral pathways
- Copy of MDT communications (minutes of a meeting, anonymised emails)
- Copy of local guidelines for management of patients with co-morbidities
- Copy of anonymised patient notes

8. Medication

Nina Lenton, Karen Percy

Band 4 Band 5 Band 7 Band 8 Band 6 Demonstrates a basic Demonstrates an up-to-date Competencies as per Band 7 Demonstrates an Demonstrates specialist understanding of how ART understanding of how ARV knowledge and awareness of expertise in managing plus: works, drug classes, ARV and mechanisms of patients on ARV in line works, drug classes, with local and national administration, timing, administration, timings, different classes of Leads on referral pathway dietary requirements and dietary requirements and antiretroviral drugs policies, and nutritional development for issues key side-effects key side-effects complications relating to outside specialist Demonstrates a knowledge dietetic areas and awareness of the Demonstrates an Identifies when changes to understanding of relevant administration of ARV ARV may be indicated and Leads on cross-service policies and protocols that including times, dietary works with MDT to development of the dietetic relate to the provision of requirements, side-effects, facilitate and support role including clinics for ARV adherence assessments these changes patients transitioning from paediatric to adult care Recognises common side-Demonstrates knowledge and Demonstrates specialist h effects, particularly those awareness of key drug knowledge of ARV-Develops mechanisms for requiring urgent attention interactions and how to nutrient interactions and local prescribing of access further advice on drug applies to Dietitian-led approved list of medications interactions activities (e.g. pancreatic enzyme Is aware of the occurrence replacement therapy (PERT) of drug-nutrient interactions and anabolic agents and knows how to access Identifies and prompts Demonstrates ability to advice about these referrals for patients that address the nutritional would benefit from dietetic aspects of long-term side-Leads across the trust to effects of ARV within input with regards to ensure nutrient- drug Demonstrates an awareness adherence and, side effects of complex situations and interactions are addressed of ARV-related blood tests and other relevant ARVs Promotes adherence to where co-infections and ART amongst patients by co-morbidities exist (e.g. investigations, Such as CD4, trouble shooting nutritional weight management in a viral load, LFTs lipid levels, patient with IGT and

blood glucose levels

Knows how to access help and advice on HIV treatments, their outcomes and side-effects and directs patients to these resources or MDT members for help

Recognises when situations are detrimental to the correct administration of ARV (e.g. patients with chronic nausea and vomiting)

Discusses information obtained from patients about difficulties with ARV administration with senior MDT

Asks appropriate questions to patients about adherence with medications and is able to offer basic advice with nutritional issues (e.g. vomiting and diarrhoea etc.)

Identifies the nutrition information needs of patients in relation to ARV

Demonstrates an understanding of the physical and psychological

barriers to adherence

Advises patients on specific nutritional requirements and interactions in relation to different ARV regimens

Identifies and assesses problems associated with medications and side-effects, which may relate a patient's nutritional status

Assesses patient needs and develops nutritional care plans to address these (e.g. specific calorie requirements of ARVs for correct absorption)

Considers a patients cultural, ethnic and religious needs when planning interventions to address adherence issues

Assesses the physical and psychological needs of patients presenting with long-term side-effects and formulate an appropriate nutritional care plan to address those needs where possible

Proactively assesses longterm side-effects of ARV and impaired mobility due to ARV-associated peripheral neuropathy)

Ensures systems, policies and procedures are in place to deliver therapeutic dietary interventions to modify lipoatrophy, lipodystrophy, raised lipids, cardiovascular disease risk factors, renal and liver dysfunction, metabolic and osteopoenic disorders

Leads within the MDT to ensure nutrient- drug interactions are addressed

Ensure nutritional information for specific ARVs is available and up to date across the HIV services

Works closely and proactively with the MDT to ensure appropriate pathways are in place for referral to specialist services regarding long-term side-effects

Establishes systems for

needs of patients presenting with long-term side-effects and appropriate referral pathways

Provides nutritional care plans relevant to current ARV, and long-term side effects

Knows where to access information on ARV-nutrient interaction

takes action to maximise prevention Refers to medical and other healthcare professionals where long term side-effects require further specialist advise and intervention according to local protocols

Demonstrates the ability to recognise long-term sideeffects of ART, such as lipoatrophy, lipodystrophy, raised lipids, cardiovascular disease risk factors, renal and liver dysfunction, metabolic and osteopoenic disorders

Liaises with relevant MDT members to highlight request supplementation of vitamins and minerals where needed

proactive assessment, monitoring and treatment of long-term side-effects within Dietetic services as agreed locally

Examples of evidence

- Reflection piece
- Evidence of self-guided research
- Case study
- Anonymous copy of patient notes
- Evidence of communication with MDT (letters, emails, witness statements)
- Reflective piece
- Copies of policies developed

9. Evaluation, audit & research

Karen Percy, Nina Lenton

Nate in croff time believed	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
	Participates in information collection for audits and research in PLHIV	Participates in audit in PLHIV supervised by more senior staff	Understands the monitoring of clinical outcomes in order to assess and improve	Understands ethical issues in research and audit particular to PLHIV (e.g.	Competencies as per Band 7 plus:
		Cuitically anamaicae	patient care in PLHIV	stigma and confidentiality)	Understands ethical issues
		Critically appraises literature relevant to	Is aware of BHIVA standards	Discusses and disseminates	in research and audit particular to PLHIV (e.g.
		current practice to ensure dietetic	for audit	current nutrition research in	stigma and confidentiality)
		interventions in PLHIV	Develops outcome		Ensures regular audit takes
		remain up to date and evidence based	measures, and other evaluation tools for PLHIV	Ensures new relevant findings, technologies and	place within the HIV dietetic service and supervises
		evidence based	under supervision of a	therapies in nutrition and	junior staff in this
		Identifies audits or	senior dietitian	HIV are evaluated and	,
		potential needs for	II	where appropriate	Works in conjunction with
		service improvements for PLHIV and discusses	Critically appraises literature to ensure dietetic	incorporated into current practice	research and audit teams to ensure relevant projects
		with senior dietitians	interventions in PLHIV	practice	with the HIV service are
			remain up-to- date and	Contributes to working	carried out
			evidence based	parties for the care of PLHIV	Landa an davalanina
			Identifies areas for HIV	within the local environment	Leads on developing outcome measurement and
			dietetic service		other evaluation tools to be
			improvement for PLHIV and	Assists in the development	able to show dietetic
			develops audit tools to improve current practice	of outcome measurement and other evaluation tools	effectiveness with PLHIV
			and service	to demonstrate dietetic	Leads across the
				efficacy in PLHIV	organisation on the
			Participates in collaboration		implementation of BHIVA
			with other HIV centres on	Actively contributes to	audit standards

service development, audit and research

working parties for the care of patients living with HIV within the local environment

Implements BHIVA audit standards

Leads on collaborations with other HIV centres on service development, audit and research

Critically appraises research literature on HIV and nutrition to ensure practice is evidenced based and current

Identifies new and relevant audit and research topics in PLHIV

Ensures audit findings are used to promote changes in dietetic practice for PLHIV where identified

Reports and presents audit and research findings through the submission of abstracts at national and international conferences to raise the profile of HIV specialist dietitians Produces audit and research proposals within the HIV service

Identifies new and relevant audit and research topics in PLHIV

Reports and presents audit and research findings through the submission of abstracts at local, national and international conferences to raise the profile of HIV specialist dietitians

Seeks funding for audit and research in PLHIV

Under supervision and in liaison with a Band 8 dietitian, seeks funding for audit and research in PLHIV

Examples of evidence

- Interest group membership
- Audit proposals
- Evidence of audit participation
- Copy of final audit
- Attendance at courses
- Journal club participation
- Evidence of critical appraisal of research paper
- Abstracts/ posters presented at conferences
- Examples of outcome measurement tool development
- Regular feedback via meetings with supervisors

10. Team, programme & business management

Karen Percy, Nina Lenton

on	Band 4	Band 5	Band 6	Band 7	Band 8
	Is able to provide basic advice to PLHIV about accessing healthcare system and local services Identifies the role of the MDT in ensuring adequate and holistic care for PLHIV. Is able to communicate at MDT meetings when relevant to patient care	Integrates all policies, procedures and guidelines governing nutrition and dietetics in HIV into patient care Functions as a member of the HIV MDT team and understands other team members roles Ensures communication between patient, HIV team and other MDT members is precise and confidential (e.g. aware of nondisclosure to GP for some patients) Develops links with senior HIV specialist dietitians (e.g. at Band 7 or 8 level)	Assists in the development of policies and protocols to ensure effective HIV MDT working with regards to patient care plans Collaborates with HIV MDT members to adapt patient care plans as required Ensures evidence based practice when delivering care and developing policies, guidelines and procedures for PLHIV Assists in sourcing, selection, development and evaluation of resources used for PLHIV Develops links with senior HIV specialist dietitians (e.g. at Band 7 or 8 level)	Identifies the need for and regularly delivers up-to-date HIV nutrition education to other health professionals Promotes the role of the dietitian to the HIV MDT in order to encourage relevant referrals (e.g. all patients to see a dietitian at initiation of ART) Researches and implements a range of evidence based nutritional care plans which may improve the quality of life of PLHIV Provides mentorship to junior dietitians and other MDT staff wanting to gain knowledge about nutrition and HIV Applies business management processes to manage HIV dietetic services (e.g. bench marking quality of care against other provider	Competencies as per Band 7 plus: Leads on ensuring that all members of staff who provide nutrition advice to PLHIV are safe to do so (including non-dietetic posts) Develops local competency programs and schemes for dietitians interested in working with PLHIV Critically appraises new relevant literature pertaining to nutrition and HIV to ensure practice is always evidence based Understands the current healthcare system and how future changes may affect the nutritional care of PLHIV
				agamsi omer provider	

centres)

Educates on a range of nutritional screening tools for use in the HIV setting in order to optimise nutritional care Works with other associations such as DHIVA, BHIVA, NHIVNA and RHIVA to ensure best practice guidelines are developed together

Leads on business planning to ensure nutritional care evolves with needs of PLHIV (e.g. changing demands in transition clinics or clinic demographics)

Understands the commissioning process and advocates the importance of retaining specialist HIV dietetic services to Commissioners to ensure optimal patient care is retained

Examples of evidence

- Attendance and participation at MDT meeting (witness statement or reflection)
- Copy of a policy developed
- Diet sheets developed for the department
- Copy of an education training session written and delivered
- A business plan submitted for new HIV dietetic posts
- Regular feedback via meetings with supervisors